AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

1. (Withdrawn): A method for the treatment of an HCV infection in a host comprising administering an effective amount of a compound of the formula (I):

$$R^{5}$$
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 R^{5}

- (a) each R^4 and R^{4° is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of $C_{1^\circ}C_6$, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH_2OH , CH_2OR^6 , NH_2 , NR^6R^7 , or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R^4 and R^{4° is hydrogen;
- (b) each R^5 and $R^{5'}$ is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of $C_{17}C_{6}$, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH_2OH , CH_2OR^6 , NH_2 , NR^6R^7 , or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R^5 and $R^{5'}$ is hydrogen;
- (c) each R^s and R^r is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;
- (d) R^1 is hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, or aminoacyl of C_1 - C_6 ;

(e) R² is oxygen, sulfur, NR', or CR'₂, wherein each R' is independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, aryl, or aralkyl of C₁-C₆;

- R³ is hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, or aminoacyl of C₁-C₆;
- (g) alternatively if R^2 is NR', then R^1 or R^3 can come together with NR' to form a substituted or unsubstituted 5-7 membered ring that can include one or more heteroatoms; or
- (h) if R² is CR'₂, then R¹ or R³ can come together with CR'₂ to form a substituted or unsubstituted 5-7 membered ring that can include one or more heteroatoms; or
- (i) if R² is CR'₂, then R¹ and R³ can come together with CR'₂ to form a substituted or unsubstituted bicyclic ring that can include one or more heteroatoms; and
- (j) W is O or CH₂;optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 2. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 1, wherein R⁵ and/or R^{5'} is OH.
- 3. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 1, wherein ${\sf R}^5$ or ${\sf R}^5$ is a residue of an amino acid.
 - 4. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 3, wherein the amino acid is valine.
 - 5. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 3, wherein the amino acid is L-valine.
- 6. (Withdrawn): A method for the treatment of an HCV infection in a host comprising administering an effective amount of a compound of the general formula 1 (A-D), 2 (A-D), 3 (A-B), 4 (A-B), 5 (A-B), 6 (A-B), 7 (A-C) or 8 (A):

- (a) each R^4 and R^4 is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I) pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R^4 and R^4 is hydrogen:
- (b) each R^5 and $R^{5'}$ is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of $C_{1^*}C_6$, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH_2OH , CH_2OR^6 , NH_2 , NR^6R^7 , or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R^5 and $R^{5'}$ is hydrogen;
- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;
- (d) R² is oxygen, sulfur, NR', or CR'₂, wherein each R' is independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, aryl, or aralkyl of C₁-C₆:

(e) Z is CH, CX, or N;

(f) each X, X', and X' is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH₂, NHR°, NR°R°, NHOR°, NR°NR°R°, OH, OR°, SH, or SR°.

- (g) each Y and Y' is independently O, S, NH, NRc, NORc, or Se;
- (h) each R^a is independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, or aminoacyl of C₁-C₆;
- each R^c, R^o, and R^o independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl; and
- (j) W is O or CH₂;optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- (Withdrawn): A method for the treatment of an HCV infection in a host comprising administering an effective amount of a compound of the general formula:

$$\mathbb{R}^{g} \xrightarrow{\mathbb{R}^{5}} \mathbb{N} \mathbb{Z}^{2}$$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

(a) each R^4 and R^4 is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO_2 , lower alkyl of C_1 - C_6 , halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl,

alkoxy, CH_2OH , CH_2OR^6 , NH_2 , NR^6R^7 , or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R^4 and R^4 is hydrogen;

- (b) each R^5 and $R^{5'}$ is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R^5 and $R^{5'}$ is hydrogen;
- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;
- (d) R² is oxygen, sulfur, NR', or CR'₂, wherein each R' is independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, aryl, or aralkyl of C₁-C₆;
- (e) each Z and Z' is independently CH, CX, or N:
- (f) X is hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH $_2$, NHR c , NR c R c ', NHOR c , NR c NR c R c ', OH, OR c , SH, or SR c ,
- (g) R^b is R^c, OR^c, NH₂, NHR^c, or NR^cR^{c'};
- (h) each R^e , R^e , and R^e independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl; and
- (i) W is O or CH₂;optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- (Withdrawn): A method for the treatment of an HCV infection in a host comprising administering an effective amount of a compound of the formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

(Withdrawn): A method for the treatment of an HCV infection in a host comprising administering an effective amount of a compound of the formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

- 10. (Withdrawn): The method of any one of claims 1, 6, 7, 8, or 9, further comprising administering to the host in combination and/or alternation one or more effective anti-viral agents, optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 11. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 10, wherein the anti-viral agent is selected from the group consisting of ribavirin, interferon, pegylated interferon alfa –2a, interferon alfacon-1, natural interferon, albinterferon alpha 2b,interferon beta-1a, omega interferon, oral interferon alpha, interferon gamma-1b, interleukin-10, merimebodib, amantadine, hepatitis C immune globulin, levovirin, viramidine, thymosin alfa-1, histamine dihydrochloride, and telaprevir.
- 12. (Withdrawn): The method of any one of claims 1, 6, 7, 8, or 9, wherein the host is a human.
 - 13. (Currently Amended): A compound of the formula (I):

$$R^{5'}$$
 $R^{4'}$
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 R^{5}
 R^{5}
 R^{5}
 R^{5}
 R^{5}

- (a) each R^4 and $R^{4'}$ is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of $C_{17}C_6$, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH_2OH , CH_2OR^6 , NH_2 , NR^6R^7 , or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R^4 and $R^{4'}$ is hydrogen;
- (b) each R^5 and $R^{5'}$ is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R^5 and $R^{5'}$ is hydrogen:
- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;
- (d) R¹ is hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, or aminoacyl of C₁-C₆;
- (e) R² is oxygen, sulfur, NR', or CR'₂, wherein each R' is independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, aryl, or aralkyl of C₁-C₆:

(f) R^3 is hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, or aminoacyl of C_1 - C_6 ;

- (g) alternatively if R² is NR', then R¹ er-R³ can come together with NR' to form a substituted or unsubstituted 5-7 membered ring that can include one or more heteroatoms; or
- (h) if R² is CR'₂, then R⁴-er R³ can come together with CR'₂ to form a substituted or unsubstituted 5-7 membered ring that can include one or more heteroatoms; or
- (i) if R² is CR'₂, then R¹ and R³ can come together with CR'₂ to form a substituted or unsubstituted bicyclic ring that can include one or more heteroatoms, wherein R¹ and R² form together a six-membered ring, and R² and R³ form together a five-membered ring; and
- (i) W is O or CH₂;

provided that when W is O, R⁴ is hydroxyl, and R¹, R³, R⁴, R⁵, and R⁵ are hydrogen, R² is not NH and that when R² is CR'_2 , W is O, R⁴ is hydroxyl, R⁴ is hydrogen, R⁵ is hydroxyl, and R⁵ is hydrogen, the bicyclic ring formed is not a xanthinyl ring wherein R¹-and R²-or R²-and R³-form together the five-membered-ring or an 8-azaxanthinyl ring wherein R²-and R³-form together the five-membered-ring; and

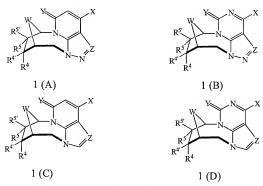
provided that the compound is not 5',3-cyclo-isoguanosine.

- 14. (Original): The compound of claim 13, wherein R⁵ and/or R^{5'} is OH.
- (Withdrawn): The compound of claim 13, wherein R⁵ or R^{5'} is a residue of an amino acid.

16. (Withdrawn): The compound of claim 15, wherein the amino acid is valine.

 (Withdrawn): The compound of claim 15, wherein the amino acid is Lvaline.

18. (Previously presented): A compound of the general formula 1 (A-D):



- (a) each R^4 and R^4 is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of $C_{1^*}C_6$, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH_2OH , CH_2OR^6 , NH_2 , NR^6R^7 , or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R^4 and R^4 is hydrogen;
- (b) each R^5 and R^5 is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C_1 - C_6 , halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl,

alkoxy, CH_2OH , CH_2OR^6 , NH_2 , NR^6R^7 , or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R^5 and $R^{5'}$ is hydrogen;

- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;
- (d) Z is CH, CX, or N:
- (e) X is hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH₂, NHR°, NR°R°, NHOR°, NR°NR°R°, OH, OR°, SH, or SR°;
- (f) Y is O, S, NH, NR°, NOR°, or Se;
- each R^c, R^{c'}, and R^{c'} independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl; and
- (h) W is O or CH₂;
 provided that for compounds of formula 1 (B), when X is OH, Y is O, W is O, R⁴ is hydroxyl, R⁴ is hydrogen, R⁵ is hydroxyl, and R⁵ is hydrogen, Z is not N; and provided that for compounds of formula 1 (D), when X is OH, Y is O, W is O, R⁴ is hydroxyl, R⁴ is hydrogen, R⁵ is hydroxyl, and R⁵ is hydrogen, Z is not N.
- 19. (Withdrawn): A compound of the general formula:

$$\mathbb{R}^{S} \xrightarrow{\mathbb{R}^{4}} \mathbb{R}^{5} \xrightarrow{\mathbb{R}^{4}} \mathbb{Z}^{2}$$

- (a) each R⁴ and R^{4'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁴ and R^{4'} is hydrogen;
- (b) each R^5 and $R^{5'}$ is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R^5 and $R^{5'}$ is hydrogen:
- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;
- (d) Z is CH, CX, or N and Z' is CH or CX;
- (e) X is hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH_2 , NHR^c , $NR^cR^{c'}$, $NHOR^c$, $NR^cNR^cR^{c'}$, OH, OR^c , SH, or SR^c ;
- (f) Rb is Rc, ORc, NH2, NHRc, or NRcRc;
- (g) each R^c, R^{c'}, and R^{c''} independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl; and
- (h) W is O or CH2.
- 20. (Previously presented): A compound of the formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

21. (Currently Amended): A compound of the formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

22. (Previously Presented): A pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of any one of the compounds of claims 13, 18, 19, 20, 21, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 33, 34, or 36 together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

(Previously Presented): A pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of any one of the compounds of claims 13, 18, 19, 20, 21, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 33, 34, or 36 together with one or more effective anti-viral agents, optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

- 24. (Previously Presented): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 23, wherein the anti-viral agent is selected from the group consisting of ribavirin, interferon, pegylated interferon alfa –2a, interferon alfacon-1, natural interferon, albinterferon alpha 2b, interferon beta-1a, omega interferon, oral interferon alpha, interferon gamma-1b, interleukin-10, merimebodib, amantadine, hepatitis C immune globulin levovirin, viramidine thymosin alfa-1, histamine dihydrochloride, and telaprevir.
 - 25. (Previously presented): The compound of claim 13, wherein W is oxygen.
- 26. (Withdrawn): A compound of the general formula 2 (A-D), 3 (A-B), 4 (A-B), 5 (A-B), 6 (A-B), 7 (A-C), or 8 (A):

- (a) each R^4 and R^4 is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R^4 and R^4 is hydrogen:
- (b) each R⁵ and R^{5'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁵ and R^{5'} is hydrogen;
- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;

(d) R^2 is oxygen, sulfur, NR', or CR'_2 , wherein each R' is independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, aryl, or aralkyl of C_1 - C_6 ;

- (e) Z is CH, CX, or N;
- (f) each X, X', and X" is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH₂, NHR°, NR°R°, NHOR°, NR°NR°R°, OH, OR°, SH, or SR°;
- (g) each Y and Y' is independently O, S, NH, NRc, NORc, or Se;
- (h) each R^a is independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, or aminoacyl of C₁-C₆;
- (i) each R^c , R^{σ} , and R^{σ} independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl; and
- (i) W is O or CH₂;

provided that for compounds of formula 2 (D), when X is OH or NH_2 , Y is O, W is O, R^4 is hydroxyl, R^4 is hydroxyl, R^5 is hydroxyl, and R^5 is hydrogen, Z is not N and for compounds of formula 8 (A), when R^2 is NH, R^8 is hydrogen, W is O, and R^4 , R^5 , and R^5 are hydrogen, R^4 is not hydroxyl.

27. (Previously presented): A compound of the general formula 1 (E-H):

- (a) each R^4 and R^4 is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R^4 and R^4 is hydrogen;
- (b) each R^5 and $R^{5'}$ is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R^5 and $R^{5'}$ is hydrogen;
- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heterocryl, aralkyl, or acyl:
- (d) Z is CH, CX, or N;

(e) X is hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH₂, NHR c , NR c R c , NHOR c , NR c NR c R c , OH, OR c , SH, or SR c ;

- (f) Y is O, S, NH, NRc, NORc, or Se; and
- (g) each R^c, R^d, and R^d independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl;

provided that for compounds of formula 1 (F), when X is OH, Y is O, R^{4'} is hydroxyl, R⁴ is hydrogen, R^{5'} is hydroxyl, and R⁵ is hydrogen, Z is not N; and provided that for compounds of formula 1 (H), when X is OH, Y is O, R^{4'} is hydroxyl, R⁴ is hydrogen, R^{5'} is hydroxyl, and R⁵ is hydrogen, Z is not N.

- (Withdrawn): A compound of claim 27 wherein the compound is of formula 1H.
- 29. (Withdrawn): A compound of the general formula 2 (E-H), 3 (C-D), 4 (C-D), 5 (C-D), 6 (C-D), 7 (D-F), or 8 (B):

$$R^{5}$$
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{4}

- (a) each R^4 and $R^{4'}$ is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C_1 - C_6 , halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH_2OH , CH_2OR^6 , NH_2 , NR^6R^7 , or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R^4 and $R^{4'}$ is hydrogen:
- (b) each R⁵ and R⁵ is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I),
 pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl,

alkoxy, CH_2OH , CH_2OR^6 , NH_2 , NR^6R^7 , or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R^5 and R^5 is hydrogen;

- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;
- (d) R² is oxygen, sulfur, NR', or CR'₂, wherein each R' is independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, aryl, or aralkyl of C₁-C₆;
- (e) Z is CH, CX, or N;
- (f) each X, X', and X" is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), $NH_2, NHR^c, NR^cR^{c'}, NHOR^c, NR^cNR^{c'}R^{c'}, OH, OR^c, SH, or SR^c;$
- (g) each Y and Y' is independently O, S, NH, NRc, NORc, or Se;
- (h) each R^a is independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, or aminoacyl of C₁-C₆; and
- each R^c, R^{c'}, and R^{c'} independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl;

provided that for compounds of formula 2 (H), when X is OH or NH_2 , Y is O, R^4 is hydroxyl, R^4 is hydroxyl, and R^5 is hydrogen, Z is not N and for compounds of formula 8 (B), when R^2 is NH, R^a is hydrogen, and R^4 , R^5 , and R^5 are hydrogen, R^4 is not hydroxyl.

30. (Currently Amended): A compound of the general formula:

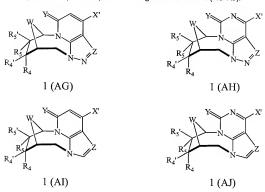
- (a) each Z' and Z" is independently CH, CX, or N:
- (b) X is hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH₂, NHR°, NR°R°, NHOR°, NR°NR°R°, OH, OR°, SH, or SR°; and
- (c) each R^c, R^c, and R^c independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl.
- (Withdrawn): The compound of claim 21 wherein the compound has formula 1S.
- (Previously presented): The compound of claim 21 wherein the compound has formula 10.
 - 33. (Withdrawn): A compound of the general formula:

$$\mathbb{R}^{r} \xrightarrow{\mathbb{R}^{5}} \mathbb{N} \xrightarrow{\mathbb{R}^{2}} \mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{Z}}$$

- (a) each R^4 and $R^{4'}$ is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R^4 and $R^{4'}$ is hydrogen:
- (b) each R^5 and $R^{5'}$ is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R^5 and R^5 is hydrogen:
- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl:
- (d) Z is independently CH or CX and Z' is independently CH, CX, or N;
- (e) X is hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH₂, NHR°, NR°R°, NHOR°, NR°NR°R°, OH, OR°, SH, or SR°:
- (f) Rb is Rc, ORc, NH2, NHRc, or NRcRc; and
- (g) each R^c, R^d, and R^{d'} independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl; and

(h) W is O or CH_2 ; provided that when Z is CH, R^b is hydrogen, $R^{4'}$ is hydroxyl, R^4 is hydroxyl, and R^5 is hydrogen, Z' is not N.

34. (Withdrawn): A compound of the general formula 1 (AG-AJ):



- (a) each R⁴ and R⁴ is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁴ and R⁴ is hydrogen:
- (b) each R⁵ and R⁵ is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I),
 pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl,

alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁵ and R^{5'} is hydrogen;

- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;
- (d) Z is CH, CX, or N:
- (e) X is hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH_2 , NHR^c , NR^cR^c , $NHOR^c$, $NR^cNR^cR^c$, OH, OR^c , SH, or SR^c ;
- (f) X' is alkyl;
- (g) Y is O, S, NH, NRc, NORc, or Se;
- (h) each R^c, R^d, and R^d independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl; and
- (i) W is O or CH₂.
- 35. (Withdrawn): The compound of claim 34, wherein W is oxygen.
- 36. (Withdrawn): A compound of the general formula 1 (AK) or 1 (AL):

(a) each R^4 and R^4 is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO_2 , lower alkyl of C_1 - C_6 , halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH_2OH , CH_2OR^6 , NH_2 , NR^6R^7 , or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R^4 and R^4 is hydrogen;

- (b) each R^5 and $R^{5'}$ is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R^5 and $R^{5'}$ is hydrogen;
- each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;
- (d) Z is CH, CX, or N;
- (e) X is hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH₂, NHR°, NR°R°, NHOR°, NR°NR°R°, OH, OR°, SH, or SR°;
- (f) X' is halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I);
- (g) Y is O, S, NH, NRc, NORc, or Se:
- (h) each R^c, R^d, and R^d independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl; and
- (i) W is O or CH₂.
- 37. (Withdrawn): The compound of claim 36, wherein W is oxygen.